<u>blood</u> flowing through one or more lumens within the <u>elongated</u> tubular member is insulated from fluid or tissue external to the annular insulation.

- 21. (PREVIOUSLY AMENDED) The catheter of Claim 20, wherein the annular insulation extends over substantially the entire outer surface of the elongated tubular member.
- 22. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 20, wherein the distal end of the annular insulation is tapered.
- 23. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 20, wherein the annular insulation extends for from about 50 to 80% of the total length of the elongated tubular member.
- 24. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 20, wherein the annular insulation comprises a fluid-filled tubular member.
- 25. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 24, wherein the fluid is water or saline solution.
 - 26. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 24, wherein the fluid is a gas.
- 27. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 20, wherein the annular insulation comprises a tubular member filled with insulative material.
- 28. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 27, wherein the insulative material is a synthetic polymeric fill.
- 29. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 20 which also comprises a pressure sensor at or adjacent to the distal end of the catheter.
- 30. (PREVIOUSLY AMENDED) The catheter of Claim 20 which is adapted to be useful for brain cooling.

- 31. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 20, wherein at least one lumen is in fluid communication with a source of cooled blood.
- 32. (ORIGINAL) The catheter of Claim 20, wherein at least one lumen is in fluid communication with a liquid pharmaceutical source.